

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****BE- SEMESTER-I & II(NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2022****Subject Code:3110014****Date:02-08-2022****Subject Name:Mathematics - 1****Time:10:30 AM TO 01:30 PM****Total Marks:70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

	Marks
<b>Q.1 (a)</b> Is $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^p}$ convergent for $p > 1$ ? Justify your answer.	<b>03</b>
<b>(b)</b> (1) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin x - \sin a}{(x-a)^2}$	<b>02</b>
(2) Is $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} dx$ convergent? Justify your answer.	<b>02</b>
<b>(c)</b> (1) Find the length of curve $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{12} + \frac{1}{x}, 1 \leq x \leq 4.$	<b>04</b>
(2) Prove that $\Gamma(n) = (n-1) \Gamma(n-1).$	<b>03</b>
<b>Q.2 (a)</b> Investigate the convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{7^n}.$	<b>03</b>
<b>(b)</b> Investigate the convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n (n!)^2}{(2n)!}$	<b>04</b>
<b>(c)</b> Find Fourier series of $f(x) = x^2, -\pi < x < \pi.$	<b>07</b>
<b>OR</b>	
<b>(c)</b> Find Fourier series of $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & -1 < x < 0 \\ 2, & 0 < x < 1 \end{cases}.$	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.3 (a)</b> Find the derivative of $f(x, y) = x^2 + xy + y^2$ in the direction $\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ at $P(1,1).$	<b>03</b>
<b>(b)</b> Find the tangent plane of $z = e^x \cos y$ at $P(0,0,0).$	<b>04</b>
<b>(c)</b> Find local extreme values of $f(x, y) = xy - x^2 - y^2 - x.$	<b>07</b>
<b>OR</b>	
<b>Q.3 (a)</b> Explain second derivative test for local extreme values.	<b>03</b>
<b>(b)</b> Let $f = \ln r$ , where $\vec{r} = x \hat{i} + y \hat{j} + z \hat{k}$ and $r =  \vec{r} $ . Find $\text{grad } f$ .	<b>04</b>
<b>(c)</b> Determine the minimum value of $x^2 y z^2$ subject to the condition $x + y + 2z = 5$ using method of Lagrange multipliers.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.4 (a)</b> Evaluate $\int_{y=0}^1 \int_{x=0}^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2} \sqrt{1-y^2}} dx dy.$	<b>03</b>

- (b) Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^2 \int_{x/2}^1 \frac{1}{3} e^{y^2} dy dx$  04

by change of order.

- (c) (1) Find the area of the region covered by  $x=1$ ,  $x=4$ ,  $y=0$  and  $y=\sqrt{x}$ . 04

- (2) Evaluate  $\int_{x=0}^1 \int_{y=0}^{x^{1/4}} \int_{z=0}^{y^2} \sqrt{z} dz dy dx$  03

OR

- Q.4** (a) Evaluate  $\iint_R xy dA$  where  $R$  is the region 03

bounded by  $x$  axis, the ordinate  $x=2a$  and the curve  $x^2=4ay$ .

- (b) Evaluate the integral  $\int_{y=0}^1 \int_{x=0}^{\cos^{-1} y} e^{\sin x} dx dy$  by change of order. 04

- (c) (1) Change in to polar coordinates then solve  $\int_0^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dy dx$ . 04

- (2) Let  $x+y=u$  and  $y=uv$  are given transformations. Find Jacobian for change of variables. 03

- Q.5** (a) Find characteristic equation of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . 03

- (b) Find Maclaurin's series for  $f(x) = e^{2x} \sinh x$  and show at least up to  $x^4$  term. 04

- (c) Solve  $x+y+w=1$ ,  $2x+z+w=3$ ,  $2y+z+2w=2$ . 07

OR

- Q.5** (a) Show that give matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$  satisfies its Characteristic equation. 03

- (b) Show that  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\ln n}$  converges. 04

- (c) Show that  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -4 & -8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$  is diagonalizable. Find the matrix of eigen vectors and diagonal matrix. 07

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