

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****BE- SEMESTER-I&II EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2025****Subject Code:3110011****Date:25-06-2025****Subject Name:Physics****Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM****Total Marks:70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

		<b>Marks</b>
<b>Q.1</b>	(a) Define: Stress, Strain, and Spring constant. (b) A hall has a volume of $2265 \text{ m}^3$ . Its total absorption is equivalent to $94.85 \text{ sabine}\cdot\text{m}^2$ . What will be the effect on reverberation time if the audience fill the hall, and thereby increasing the absorption by another $94.85 \text{ sabine}\cdot\text{m}^2$ ? (c) What is superconductor? Discuss about the Meissner effect, the effect of magnetic fields and the Isotopic effect in superconductors.	<b>03</b> <b>04</b> <b>07</b>
<b>Q.2</b>	(a) State any six properties of ultrasound. (b) Calculate the critical current for a superconducting wire made of lead, having a diameter of 1 mm at 4.2 K. Critical temperature ( $T_C$ ) for lead is 7.18 K and $H_0 = 6.5 \times 10^4 \text{ A/m}$ . (c) Discuss the construction and working of He-Ne laser. <b>OR</b> (c) Discuss the construction and working of Ruby laser.	<b>03</b> <b>04</b> <b>07</b> <b>07</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Find the force required to increase the length of a steel wire of $10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$ area of cross-section by 50% whose Young's modulus is $2 \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$ . (b) Discuss the stress-strain curve for solid in detail. (c) Derive the differential equation for damped harmonic motion. Also, derive the solution for the case where $b^2 < \omega_0^2$ . <b>OR</b>	<b>03</b> <b>04</b> <b>07</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Derive the differential equation for simple harmonic motion. (b) Discuss any four factors affecting acoustics of a building and their remedies. (c) What is torsional pendulum? Derive the expression for the time period of vibration for torsional pendulum.	<b>03</b> <b>04</b> <b>07</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Explain the working of SONAR in detail. (b) Calculate the length of nickel rod required to produce ultrasonic waves with frequencies of 50 kHz and 100 kHz. Consider the fundamental mode of vibration for the rod. Given: Density of nickel = $8908 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Young's modulus of nickel = $2.14 \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$ . (c) Discuss the BCS theory to explain superconductivity in materials. <b>OR</b>	<b>03</b> <b>04</b> <b>07</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) State any six applications of superconductors. (b) Explain the construction and working of SQUID using Josephson junctions. (c) Discuss the construction and working of piezoelectric oscillator for the production of ultrasonic waves.	<b>03</b> <b>04</b> <b>07</b>

**Q.5** (a) Define: Population inversion, Meta-stable state, and Pumping. **03**  
(b) State any eight applications of lasers in various fields. **04**  
(c) What is Non-destructive testing (NDT)? Discuss the use of ultrasound in NDT. **07**

**OR**

**Q.5** (a) Define: Simple Harmonic Motion, Forced Vibration, and Free Vibration. **03**  
(b) Discuss about Young's modulus and bulk modulus in detail. **04**  
(c) What is Einstein's coefficient? Derive the relation between Einstein's coefficients. **07**

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