

ASSIGNMENT - 3 HEAT ENGINES

Q-1

For an standard otto cycle maximum and temperatures are 1350°C and 30°C . Heat supplied 750 kJ/kg of air calculate compression ratio air standard efficiency , work done/kg of air ,ratio of maximum to minimum pressure .

Q- 2

A petrol engine has swept volume of 500 cm^3 and clearance volume of 55 cm^3 At suction pressure and temperature in the cycle is 1450°C calculate air standard efficiency and mean effective pressure of the cycle

Q-3

In diesel cycle the temperature at the beginning of compression is 87°C If $r = 14$ find temperature at end of compression If the temperature at the end of compression if the temperature at the beginning and end of the expansion are 1796°C and 677°C respectively calculate thermal efficiency Of the cycle.

Q-4

An air standard Diesel cycle has a compression ratio of 16 The pressure and temperature AT the beginning of compression stroke is 1 bar and 20°C the maximum temperature is 1431°C . determine the thermal efficiency and mean effective pressure for this cycle.

Q-5

The compression ratio Of an oil engine working on Diesel cycle is 15 cut off takes place at 12 % of the working stroke . the air draws in to cylinder at 100 kPa and 27°C Assume $c_p = 1.006\text{ kJ/kg K}$ and $c_v = 0.717\text{ kJ/kg K}$ calculate

- (1) Temperature at the end of compression
- (2) Pressure at the end of compression
- (3) Air standard efficiency of the cycle

Q-6

In air standard otto cycle the maximum and minimum temperatures are 1673 K and 288 K . The heat supplied per kg of air is 800 kJ calculate

- (1) The compression Ratio
- (2) Efficiency
- (3) Maximum and minimum pressures

Take $c_v = 0.718\text{ kJ/kg K}$ and $\gamma = 1.4$ For

Q-7

In an ideal Diesel cycle the end of compression are 57°C and 609°C respectively . the end of

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compression are 57°C and 603°C respectively the temperatures at beginning and end expansion are 1950°C and 870°C respectively Determine the ideal efficiency of the cycle if pressure at beginning is 1.0 bar calculate maximum pressure in the cycle.

Q-8

A four cylinder two stroke petrol engine with stroke to bore ratio 1.2 develops 32 kW brake power at 2500 rpm The mean effective pressure in each cylinder is 9 bar and mechanical efficiency is 86%

Determine (1) Diameter and stroke of each cylinder (2) brake thermal efficiency and indicated thermal efficiency and indicated thermal efficiency if the fuel consumption is 9 kg/hr having C.V = 43000 kJ/kg