

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE - SEMESTER-VII (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2023****Subject Code:3171307****Date:14-12-2023****Subject Name: Design of Air Pollution Control Equipments****Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM****Total Marks:70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

		Marks
Q.1	(a) Define following terms: (a) Absolute pressure (b) Gauge Pressure (c) Static Pressure	03
	(b) How does the parameter dew point affect the selection of Air Pollution Control Equipment?	04
	(c) Explain the effect of temperature and pressure as parameter in selection of Air Pollution Control Equipment?	07
Q.2	(a) Enlist auxiliary equipment used in pollution control scheme along with their objectives.	03
	(b) Define the following terms (1) Air – to – cloth ratio (2) Filter drag (3) Capture Velocity (4) Cut size diameter	04
	(c) Enlist and explain the various Physical and Chemical characteristic of dust, required to know before designing any dust Collector equipment.	07
	OR	
	(c) State points to be considered while designing Duct system.	07
Q.3	(a) Discuss the operation and maintenance issues of Cyclone separator.	03
	(b) A high efficiency cyclone with dia. of 1500 mm handles 5 m ³ /s of standard air carrying particles with density of 1700 kg/m ³ . Determine cut size dia. with gas density of 1.185 kg/m ³ . (Assume $\mu_g = 1.84 \times 10^{-5}$ kg/m.s)	04
	(c) Enlist and explain the performance parameter of cyclone separator.	07
	OR	
Q.3	(a) Enlist various types of bag material used as a bag filter media along with their suitability to handle various type of dust.	03
	(b) Draw detailed plan and section of bag filter.	04
	(c) Air at 80° C passes through a fabric filter for a period of 6 hr after which the total pressure drop is measured as 1.18 kpa. The filter cake density is 1300 kg/m ³ and the residual pressure drop across the filter is 137 pa. The air velocity is maintained at 1.28 m/min during the test and the initial waste loading is 32 gm/m ³ . Estimate the permeability (Kp) of the dust layer in the unit of m ² .	07
Q.4	(a) Explain the significant particulate matter removal mechanisms of venture scrubber.	03
	(b) Discuss the operation and maintenance issues of venturi Scrubber.	04
	(c) Design a venturi scrubber for a flow of 13,000 m ³ /hr with following data : L/G ratio = 2.5 L/m ³ , assume relative velocity is 50 m/s. Diameter of particle = 5µm. Vr = 60 m/sec	07

OR

- Q.4** (a) Define the following terms (1) Drift velocity (2) Migration Velocity (3) Back corona **03**
(b) Enlist advantages and disadvantages of ESP detail. **04**
(c) An ESP with specific collection area of $0.984 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3\cdot\text{min}$ is found to have an actual overall efficiency of 97 %. If the value of A/Q is increase to $1.7 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3\cdot\text{min}$. Estimate anticipated collection efficiency on basis of deutsch equation and hazen equation. Assume $n = 5$ **07**

- Q.5** (a) Give the difference between ID fan and FD fan **03**
(b) Explain importance of particle size distribution and process selection. **04**
(c) Enlist the types of hoods and explain any one along with its applications. **07**

OR

- Q.5** (a) Differentiate between Adsorption and Absorption process as an air pollution control mechanism. **03**
(b) Make a list of adsorbents used and explain any one in brief. **04**
(c) Explain Packed Column as gas adsorption equipment with a neat diagram. **07**
