GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2024

Subject Code:3150615 Date:23-05-2024 **Subject Name:Soil Mechanics** Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM **Total Marks:70 Instructions:** 1. Attempt all questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed. **MARKS** Q.1 Explain the concept of 'Pressure Bulb' in soils. 03 (a) **(b)** Explain shear tests based on drainage condition. 04 A circular footing 1.5 m radius transmits a uniform pressure of 100 kN/m². 07 Calculate vertical stress at point 3 m directly below its centre. What are the assumptions made in Terzaghi's analysis of bearing capacity of a **Q.2** (a) 03 strip footing? Write brief critical notes on the Engineering News formula. 04 **(b)** A standard penetration test is conducted at a depth of 5 m in saturated fine sand 07 having unit weight 20kN/m³. If observed N value is 25, then find the corrected N value. OR Three specimens of clay having a small air void content were tested in the shear **07** box. Shear loading was started immediately after the application of normal load and was completed in 10 minutes. The results obtained were as follows: Normal stress (kPa) 145 241 337 Shear stress at failure (kPa) | 103 | 117 132 Find the apparent cohesion and angle of shearing resistance of the clay. Q.3 Write brief critical notes on unconfined compression test. 03 Write a short note on Mohr-Coulomb strength theory. 04 **(b)** (c) Compute the area ratio of a thin-walled tube sampler having an external **07** diameter of 100 mm and wall thickness of 2 mm. Do you recommend this sampler for obtaining undisturbed soil sample? **Q.3** What is the different application of geotextile, and geocell. 03 (a) Write brief critical notes on standard penetration test. 04 **(b)** A 6 meter deep cut is to be made in cohesive soil with a slope of 1:1. The soil **07** has $C_u = 30$ kPa, $\varphi_u = 10^\circ$ & $\gamma = 18$ kN/m³. Find the factor of safety with respect to cohesion. Take stability number, $S_n = 0.108$. Write a short note on types of slope failure according to extent of slip surface. **Q.4** 03 Write a short note on Geophysical exploration using electrical resistivity 04 method. Two identical specimens of a soil were tested in triaxial apparatus. First 07 specimen failed at a deviator stress of 770 kN/m² when the cell pressure was 200 kN/m². While the second specimen failed at a deviator stress of 1400 kN/m²

> under a cell pressure of 400 kN/m². Determine the shear parameters of the soil. OR

(a) Differentiate between general shear failure and local shear failure. **Q.4**

	(b)	Explain in brief about any two types of geosynthetics.	04
	(c)	Determine the safe bearing capacity of a strip footing 1.5 m wide & 1.5 m depth,	07
		resting on a deep sand bed, consider, $\gamma = 18 \text{ kN/m}^3$, and bearing capacity factors	
		$N_C = 35.5$, $N_q = 23.2$, $N_{\gamma} = 22$ corresponding to $\phi = 38^{\circ}$ and factor of safety = 3.	
Q.5	(a)	Describe with a neat sketch how will you carry out the wash boring method of	03
		soil exploration.	
	(b)	Explain with figure about contact pressure & settlement distribution beneath	04
		rigid & flexible footing.	
	(c)	A concentrated load of 50 kN acts on the surface of a homogeneous soil mass	07
		of large extent. Find the stress intensity at a depth of 5m; (a) Directly under the	
		load, and (b) At a horizontal distance of 5m. Use Boussinesq's equation.	
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	What are the basic assumptions in Boussinesq's theory of stress distribution in	03
		soils?	
	(b)	Write a short note on different types of shallow foundation.	04
	(c)	A 30 cm diameter pile is driven into a homogeneous clay (C = 40 kPa, α = 0.7).	07
		If the embedded length is 10 m , estimate the safe load (FS = 2.5).	
