

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE – SEMESTER- V EXAMINATION-SUMMER 2023****Subject Code: 3150615****Date: 28/06/2023****Subject Name: Soil Mechanics****Time: 02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

		Marks
Q.1	(a) Define types of foundation. Explain various steps in selection of type of foundation for different structures.	03
	(b) Explain working principle of SPT test and its application.	04
	(c) Define subsurface investigation. Give various objectives and Planning for carrying out subsurface exploration. Explain any one type of geophysical exploration method used in field along with its applications.	07
Q.2	(a) Write critically note on Pile classification	03
	(b) Explain the functions of (i) Batter pile (ii) Fender pile (iii) End bearing pile (iv) Friction pile	04
	(c) Explain Negative skin friction for Cohesive Soil and Cohesion less Soil	07
	OR	
	(c) Explain in detail plate load test	07
Q.3	(a) Explain Newmark's influence Chart and its application.	03
	(b) Enlist theories regarding distribution of stresses in soil. Derive equation for stress distribution of soil under a point load as per Boussinesq's theory.	04
	(c) Explain causes of stress in soil. What is geostatic stress? What are different factors of safety used in the stability of slopes? Discuss briefly.	07
	OR	
Q.3	(a) Discuss briefly, different types of slope failures.	03
	(b) Explain Taylor's Stability Number in relevant terms.	04
	(c) How is a slope analyzed using a Swedish circle method (method of slices)? Discuss the method and derive an expression for the factor of safety.	07
Q.4	(a) Explain the principle of the Direct shear test. What are the advantages of this test?	03
	(b) Enlist factor affecting the bearing capacity and explain any two in detail.	04

- (c) Define Safe, Allowable, Ultimate and net bearing capacity of soil. Write down Terzaghi's bearing capacity equation in detail, its assumption and limitation of analysis **07**
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) What is the effect of increase in width of a footing on bearing capacity of a footing resting on (a) sand and (b) clay? **03**
- (b) Critically explain effect of G.W.T. on bearing capacity of soil. **04**
- (c) A square footing has dimensions of 2mx2m and depth 2m. Determine its ultimate bearing capacity in pure clay with UCS of 0.15 N/mm^2 , $\phi = 0^\circ$ $\gamma = 1.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$. Assume Terzaghi's factor for $\phi = 0^\circ$ as $N_c = 5.7$, $N_q = 1.0$, $N_\gamma = 0$. **07**
- Q.5** (a) Discuss the UU, CU, and CD triaxial shear test conditions **03**
- (b) Explain the principle of the Direct shear test. What are the advantages of this test? **04**
- (c) Following are the results obtained from box shear test on soil: **07**
 Normal Stress (kN/m^2) : 25, 75, 150, 250
 Shear Stress (kN/m^2) : 60, 80, 105, 145
 Plot graph and determine the shear values C and ϕ of soil. If a specimen of same soil is tested in triaxial test, estimate the deviator stress (σ_d) at which the sample will fail when cell pressure (σ_3) is 100 kN/m^2
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) Different between shallow foundation and deep foundation. **03**
- (b) Explain the concept of 'Pressure bulb' and its use in soil engineering practice. Draw contact pressure distribution diagram for flexible and rigid footings on sand and clayey soil. **04**
- (c) Define 'GEOSYNTHETICS'. Classify the geosynthetic materials and explain any two of them with neat sketch. **07**
