

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE - SEMESTER-VII (NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2022****Subject Code:3170620****Date:10/06/2022****Subject Name:Computational Geotechnics****Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

MARKS

- Q.1**
- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| (a) | Explain Newton-Raphson method with suitable example. | 03 |
| (b) | Find a root of the equation $x^3 - 4x = 9$ using the Bisection method in four stages. | 04 |
| (c) | Solve the following system by Gauss Jacobi method
$6x + y + z = 105$
$4x + 8y + 3z = 155$
$5x + 4y - 10z = 65$ | 07 |
- Q.2**
- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| (a) | Explain False Position method with suitable example. | 03 |
| (b) | Explain Newton's Raphson method with suitable example. | 04 |
| (c) | Use the Runge-Kutta method of fourth order to solve
$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2$ Subject to $y(0) = 0$, find $y(0.2)$ and $y(0.4)$. | 07 |
- OR**
- | | | |
|-----|--|-----------|
| (c) | Use 2 nd order Range – Kutta method to find $y(0.2)$, given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + y$, $y(0) = 1$; (use $h = 0.1$). | 07 |
|-----|--|-----------|
- Q.3**
- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| (a) | Define discrete element method. How it is useful to the geotechnical engineering? | 03 |
| (b) | Explain application of FEM method for geotechnical engineering. | 04 |
| (c) | Explain Mohr-Coulomb theory. | 07 |
- OR**
- Q.3**
- | | | |
|-----|--|-----------|
| (a) | Give difference between discrete modeling versus continuum modeling. | 03 |
| (b) | Briefly explain Drucker-Prager theory. | 04 |
| (c) | Explain in detail One- dimensional plasticity theory for understanding the behavior of soil. | 07 |
- Q.4**
- | | | |
|-----|--|-----------|
| (a) | Explain basic concept of discrete modelling. | 03 |
| (b) | Explain Modified Mohr Coulomb failure theory for shear strength? Sketch typical strength envelop for different type of soil. | 04 |
| (c) | Explain earth pressure coefficients based upon Lade-Duncan criterion. | 07 |
- OR**
- Q.4**
- | | | |
|-----|--|-----------|
| (a) | Explain the flow through porous media. | 03 |
| (b) | Briefly explain 1-Dimensional consolidation. | 04 |
| (c) | Explain Terzaghi's theory of 1-dimensional consolidation with assumptions. | 07 |
- Q.5**
- | | | |
|-----|--|-----------|
| (a) | Give detail explanation on various types of consolidation. | 03 |
| (b) | Differentiate between consolidation and compaction. | 04 |
| (c) | Explain consolidation mechanism through spring analogy theory. | 07 |

OR

- Q.5** (a) Explain consolidation in detail. **03**
- (b) A saturated clay layer of 4 m thickness takes 2 years for 50% primary consolidation when drained on both sides. Its coefficient of volume change $m_v = 1.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2/\text{kN}$. Determine the coefficient of consolidation and coefficient of permeability. Assume $\gamma_w = 10 \text{ kN/m}^3$ **04**
- (c) Explain tri-axial test with neat sketch. **07**
