

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2024

Subject Code:3150910

Date:18-05-2024

Subject Name:Electrical Machine- II

Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM

Total Marks:70

Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

		MARKS
Q.1	(a) Explain necessity of starter in 3-phase induction motor.	03
	(b) State different types of starters used and explain any one of them in 3- ϕ induction motor.	04
	(c) Explain how a rotating magnetic field is produced when a three phase supply is given to three phase winding.	07
Q.2	(a) Define slip. how it relates with rotor speed?	03
	(b) State the difference between slip ring induction motor and squirrel cage induction motor.	04
	(c) State different methods of speed control of three phase induction motor. Explain any two of them.	07
	OR	
	(c) Derive the equation of starting torque for 3- ϕ induction motor and obtain condition of maximum starting torque from it.	07
Q.3	(a) Write the applications of 1- ϕ induction motors.	03
	(b) Explain working of split phase induction motor.	04
	(c) Explain two field rotating theory of 1- ϕ induction motor with diagram.	07
	OR	
Q.3	(a) Explain why 1- ϕ induction motor is not self starting.	03
	(b) Explain working of capacitor start induction motor.	04
	(c) List the methods of starting of 1- ϕ induction motor. Draw and explain construction and working of shaded pole induction motor.	07
Q.4	(a) State the conditions for synchronization of 3 phase alternator with infinite bus bar.	03
	(b) Explain Pitch factor and Distribution factor with reference to alternator winding.	04
	(c) A 3-phase, 50 Hz alternator is running at 600 rpm has a 2-layer winding, 12 turns/coil, 4 slots/pole/phase, and coil-pitch of 10 slots. Find the induced EMF per phase if the flux/pole is 0.035 Weber.	07
	OR	
Q.4	(a) Write the difference between stationary armature type and rotating armature type alternator.	03
	(b) Explain concept of synchronous reactance in synchronous machine.	04
	(c) A 3-phase star connected alternator is rated at 1600 KVA; 13500 V. The armature effective resistance and synchronous reactance are 1.5 ohms and 30 ohms respectively per phase. Calculate the percentage voltage regulation at full load, 0.8 lagging power factor.	07

- Q.5** (a) Explain methods of starting of synchronous motor. **03**
(b) Explain working principle of stepper motor. **04**
(c) A 6 pole three phase 440 V, 50 Hz. Induction motor develops 8 H.P. at 955 rpm, stator losses amount to 400 watts and the friction losses 0.5 H.P., Calculate (i) rotor copper loss (ii) efficiency of motor. **07**

OR

- Q.5** (a) Explain synchronous condenser. **03**
(b) Explain magnetic levitation principle. **04**
(c) Draw and explain different vector diagrams of synchronous motor on load. **07**
