

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****BE - SEMESTER-V(NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2022****Subject Code:3150910****Date:04/06/2022****Subject Name:Electrical Machine- II****Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

		<b>MARKS</b>
<b>Q.1</b>	(a) What is Synchronous speed ?	<b>03</b>
	(b) State the principle of operation of a three-phase Induction motor.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Explain the production of rotating field in 3-Phase Induction motor by Analytical Method.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.2</b>	(a) Draw the phasor diagram of 3-phase alternator with unity power factor load and lagging power factor load.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Draw the per phase complete equivalent circuit of 3 -phase induction motor referred to the stator with approximate equivalent circuit.	<b>04</b>
	(c) The power input to the rotor of 440V, 50Hz, 6 pole, 3-Phase induction motor is 80 kW. The rotor emf is observed to make 100 complete alternations per min. Calculate (a) the slip; (b) the rotor speed;(c) the mechanical power developed;(d) the rotor copper loss per phase;(e) the rotor resistance per phase if the rotor current is 65 A.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
	(c) Derive the E.M.F. equation of an Alternator.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Define different types of losses in 3-phase Alternator.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Draw the equivalent circuit of a single-phase, single winding Induction motor based on two-revolving field theory.	<b>04</b>
	(c) State the different methods of starting squirrel cage motors.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) What is voltage regulation?	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain the V-curves of synchronous motor.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Describe the construction and operating principle of synchronous motor.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Explain the double field revolving theory of single-phase Induction Motor.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain power stages in an Induction Motor with flow diagram.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Explain the construction, working principle of Permanent magnet brushless DC motor.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Explain the effect of slip on rotor circuit in 3-phase Induction Motor.	<b>03</b>

- |            |     |   |           |
|------------|-----|---|-----------|
|            | (b) | What is synchronization and load division in Parallel operation of alternators ?  | <b>04</b> |
|            | (c) | Auto Synchronous Motor: Construction, principle of operation  | <b>07</b> |
| <b>Q.5</b> | (a) | What is Synchronous condenser?  | <b>03</b> |
|            | (b) | What is the process to make synchronous motor self-starting?  | <b>04</b> |
|            | (c) | A 3-phase, star connected alternator is rated at 1600 kVA 13500 V. The armature effective resistance and synchronous reactance are $1.5\Omega$ and $30\Omega$ respectively per phase. Calculate the percentage voltage regulation for a load of 1280 kW at power factors of (a)0.8 lagging;(b) unity;(c)0.8 leading | <b>07</b> |
|            |     | <b>OR</b>   |           |
| <b>Q.5</b> | (a) | What is the principle of Magnetic levitation?   | <b>03</b> |
|            | (b) | Explain the principle of operation Auto Synchronous Motor.  | <b>04</b> |
|            | (c) | Explain different methods to make single-phase Induction motor self -starting.  | <b>07</b> |

\*\*\*\*\*