Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

**BE - SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION - WINTER 2022** Subject Code:3150911 Date:11-01-2023 **Subject Name:Power System- II** Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM **Total Marks:70 Instructions:** 1. Attempt all questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed. **MARKS Q.1** Differentiate between Short. medium 03 and transmission lines and state how the method of analysis differs in each type. Three loads are connected in parallel across a 1400 V rms, 04 60 Hz, single phase a.c. supply. Load-1: Inductive load, 125 kVA at 0.28 power factor Load-2: Capacitive load, 10 kW and 40 kvar Load-3: Resisitive load of 15 kW Find the total active, reactive and apparent power drawn from the supply and the overall power factor as viewed from the supply side. (c) Write a short note on per unit representation of 07 transformers. What is the reason behind occurrence of Ferranti Effect? **Q.2** 03 How Ferranti effect can be prevented? (b) Draw phasor diagram for a short transmission line when 04 operating at (i) lagging power factor load (ii) leading power factor load Is it possible to have zero voltage regulation when operating at some load? Explain. Explain Nominal-T and Nominal- $\pi$  methods for analysis 07 of medium transmission lines. (c) Briefly discuss various methods of voltage control in **07** power systems. Explain how the Breaking Capacity of a circuit breaker 0.3 03 can be calculated. Also explain how Fault MVA can be calculated. Two synchronous generators in a power plant are 04 connected to a common bus bar. The generator ratings are as follows.

> Generator-1: 10 MVA, 11 kV,  $X_d^{"}$  =40 % Generator-2: 15 MVA, 11 kV,  $X_d^{"}$  =60 %

place at the bus bar while the generators were operating at no load. Discuss: Transients on a transmission line during a short **07** (c) circuit. OR (a) Explain any one type of modification in Bus Impedance 0.3 03 Matrix due to addition of a branch or link in the network. (b) A three bus power system has its  $Z_{BUS}$  matrix given as, 04  $Z_{BUS} = \begin{bmatrix} j0.25 & j0.1 & j0.15 \\ j0.1 & j0.25 & j0.1 \\ j0.15 & j0.1 & j0.15 \end{bmatrix} \text{p.u.}$ A three phase fault occurs at bus-2 of the system. Assuming all pre-fault voltages to be 1.0 p. u., determine, (i) Fault current when a 3-phase fault occurs at bus-2 (ii) Voltage at bus-3 when the fault occurs on bus-2 A synchronous generator rated 500 kVA, 440 V with a 07 sub-transient reactance of 0.25 p.u. is supplying a static load of 400 kW at 0.8 p.f. lagging at rated terminal voltage. A three phase fault occurs at the generator terminals. Determine: (i) e.m.f. behind transient reactance (ii) symmetrical short circuit current during subtransient stage If  $\alpha$  is a complex operator such that  $\alpha = e^{j120^{\circ}}$ , then **Q.4** 03 evaluate the following terms:  $\alpha^2 - 1$ (i)  $1 - \alpha - \alpha^2$ (ii) **Explain Symmetrical Component Transformation** 04 Explain analysis of a line to ground fault. **07** (c) Draw zero sequence networks of three phase transformers 03 **Q.4** with the following connections.  $\Delta - Y$  connection with star side neutral (i) isolated Y - Y connection with any one side neutral (ii) solidly grounded **(b)** Explain analysis of a line to line fault. 04 A three phase synchronous generator rated 11 kV, 50 07 MVA has positive, negative and zero sequence reactances as 0.2 p.u., 0.1 p.u. and 0.05 p.u. respectively with machine ratings as base values. The generator is star connected with the neutral point solidly grounded. Find the magnitude of fault current in the event of a: (i) Three phase fault Line to ground fault at generator terminals. Assume generator at no load prior to fault. **Q.5** Describe methods to reduce corona loss. 03 (b) Discuss switching transients in an R-L circuit(power 04

system) supplied by an a.c. source.

Determine fault current when a three phase fault takes

	(c)	Explain the concept of Travelling Waves.	07
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	Describe the factors affecting corona loss.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain the working of Thyrite valve type surge arresters	04
		for protection against overvoltages.	
	(c)	Explain reflection of a travelling wave in a line terminated	07
		by:	
		(i) open circuit.	
		(ii) short circuit	
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