

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE - SEMESTER-VII (NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2022****Subject Code:3170909****Date:06/06/2022****Subject Name:AC Machine Design****Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

- Q.1**
- (a) Explain heat dissipation in Electrical Machines. **03**
- (b) Explain the factors for choice of specific magnetic loading & specific electric loading. **04**
- (c) Discuss magnetic material and insulating material in detail. **07**
- Q.2**
- (a) Define window space factor and stacking factor. Which factor affecting window space factor? **03**
- (b) Describe design of LV winding of transformer. **04**
- (c) Explain design of cooling tank with cooling tubes in transformer. **07**
- OR**
- (c) What is Dispersion coefficient? Explain the effect of Dispersion coefficient on maximum power factor. **07**
- Q.3**
- (a) Which points are to be considered for selecting number of stator slots in IM? **03**
- (b) Discuss factors affecting air gap length in induction motor design. **04**
- (c) Determine the main dimensions and number of stator turns per phase of a 3.7 kW, 400 V, 3-phase, 50 Hz, 4 pole squirrel cage induction motor having an efficiency of 0.85 and full load power factor of 0.84. **07**
- Assume: Specific magnetic loading = 0.45 Wb/m^2 , specific electric loading = 23000 A/m, winding factor = 0.955, stacking factor=0.9. Induction motor to be started by star delta starter and design for minimum cost.
- OR**
- Q.3**
- (a) State the rules for the selection of rotor slots in 3-phase squirrel cage induction motor. **03**
- (b) What is effect of harmonic induction torque and harmonic synchronous torque on the performance of 3-ph induction motor. **04**
- (c) Determine overall dimensions for a 200 kVA, 6600/440 V, 50 Hz, 3-phase core type transformer. Emf per turn is 10V, maximum flux density 1.3 Wb/m^2 , current density 2.5 A/mm^2 , window space factor 0.3. overall height = overall width, stacking factor=0.9. **07**
- For three stepped core : width of largest stamping is $0.9d$ and net iron area= $0.6d^2$, where d is diameter of circumscribing circle.
- Q.4**
- (a) Enlist the factors for choice of specific magnetic loading and specific electric loading in synchronous machine. **03**
- (b) Discuss steps for field winding design of salient pole synchronous machine. **04**
- (c) Find main dimensions and peripheral speed of a 2500 kVA, 3 phase, 50 Hz, 3000 V, 187.5 rpm salient pole synchronous generator. The specific magnetic loading is 0.6 Wb/m^2 . specific electrical loading is 34000 A/m, winding factor is 0.955. Use circular poles with ratio of core length to pole pitch=0.65. **07**

OR

- Q.4** (a) How MMF is calculated for magnetic circuit in synchronous machine? **03**
(b) Explain design of damper winding in Synchronous machine. **04**
(c) What is SCR? Discuss its effect on synchronous machine performance. **07**
- Q.5** (a) Derive an output equation for 3- ϕ transformer. **03**
(b) Derive an output equation for 3- ϕ induction motor with usual notation. **04**
(c) What are the applications of FEM technique for design problem? Explain the advantages of finite element method. **07**

OR

- Q.5** (a) Distinguish between Distribution transformer and Power transformer. **03**
(b) Explain FEM software for design of machines. **04**
(c) A 11 kW, 3-phase, 220V, 50 Hz, 6-pole star connected induction motor has 54 stator slots, each containing 9 conductors. Number of rotor bars is 64. The machine has efficiency of 0.86 and a power factor of 0.85. The rotor mmf is 85 percent of stator mmf. Determine bar current and end ring current. If current density is 5 A/mm², find area of bar and end ring. **07**
