Seat No.:	Enrolment No
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GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-VII (NEW) EXAMINATION - WINTER 2023

Subject Code:3170507 Date:01-12-2023

Subject Name: Computer Aided Process Synthesis

Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM **Total Marks:70**

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

MARKS 03

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- For stream matching to be feasible at pinch, justify that $C_h \ge C_c$ must be satisfied on cold **Q.1** side of pinch.
 - **(b)** Describe the criteria for selection of separation methods.
 - Discuss the pinch design approach for minimum utility requirements.
- 0.2 (a) Differentiate between overlapping and non-overlapping operation. 03
 - Write a short note on environmental factors in process design. 04
 - Explain Vapor Recompression, Reboiler Flashing and Heat Pumping as an energy saving alternative for distillation along with their limitations.

OR

For the stream data given in Table, Design heat exchanger network assuming ΔT_{min} as 20°C. 07 Hot pinch = 170°C, Cold pinch = 150°C Qhu=1000MW, Q_{cu}=1180MW

Stream	T ^S (°C)	T ^t (°C)	mCp(MW/°C)		
H ₁	260	140	18		
H_2	H ₂ 230 60		23		
C ₁	60	220	21		
\mathbb{C}_2	150	205	46		

- 03 Q.3 (a) Explain Significance of GCC Curve in Finding Minimum Utility Requirement. (b) Discuss the procedure for reactor network design using concept of attainable region. 04 Calculate the number of possible sequences of ordinary distillation column for 5 number of 07 (c) product and draw the sequences.
- 03 Q.3 (a) Explain node and saddle point in residue curve map.
 - **(b)** Describe the use of grand composite curve to select utility 04
 - Define Residue curve. Construct the residue curves for a system containing octane, ethylbenzene and 2-ethoxyethanol with boiling point 398.8 K, 409.2 K and 408.1 K respectively. 2-ethoxyethanol makes binary azeotrope with octane and ethylbenzene at 389.1 K and 400.1K respectively.
- (a) Compare forward heat integration and reverse heat integration in distillation with necessary **Q.4** 03 figure.
 - (b) Discuss design opportunities and steps in product and process design. 04
 - Write a short note on heuristics for designing separation processes. 07
- Briefly describe role of computer programs useful in product and process design. **Q.4** (a) 03 04
 - **(b)** Discuss multi effect distillation as an energy saving alternative for separation along with their limitations.

(c) Determine the minimum utility target for following stream data : Take $\Delta T_{min}=10^{\circ}C$

Stream	T ^S (°C)	T ^t (°C)	mC _p (kW/°C)		
H ₁	260	160	3		
H ₂	250	130	1.5		
C ₁	120	235	2		
C ₂	180	250	4		

Q.5 (a) Write ethics of Chemical Engineers.

- 03
- (b) Define span and cycle time for batch processes. Explain various policies with example.
- 04 07

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(c) A mixture of four alcohols labeled as A, B, C, and D with flows in the feed of 1.05, 0.5, 1.2 and 7 mol/s respectively, for a total 9.75 mol/s and relative volatiles are 3.4, 2.5, 2 and 1 respectively. The information about marginal vapor flows estimated for non-key species are as under, Calculate number of possible sequence to separate four components. Find the best distillation based separation sequence.

	A	В	C	D	
A/B			2.53	3.59	
B/C	3.11			5.6	
C/D	1.88	1.25			

OR

- Q.5 (a) Using TQ diagram justify energy saving in multi-effect distillation compared to the conventional distillation.
 - he **03** ait **04**

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(b) Draw the Gantt chart and calculate cycle time using following data: Consider zero wait transfer.

Task	1	2	3	4
Batch time,hr	2	6	4	3
Unit	U1	U2	U3	U4

(c) Use the marginal vapor rate (MV) method to determine the sequence for the separation of light hydrocarbons. Give rank to various sequences.

Sep.	MV	Sep.	MV	Sep.	MV	Sep.	MV	Sep.	MV
A/BCDE	12.3	ABC/DE	10.4	B/CDE	13.2	BCD/E	2.8	A/B	0
AB/CD	14	C/DE	6.7	B/CD	9.5	A/BC	2.6	B/C	0
AB/CDE	18.3	ABCD/E	4.3	BC/DE	8.2	A/BCD	9.1	C/D	0
ABC/D	3.6	CD/E	2.1	BC/D	1.3	AB/C	5.5	D/E	0
