Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-VI (NEW) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2023

\mathbf{S}_{1}	ubje	ct Code:3161005 Date:06-07-2023	3
	•	ct Name:Fiber Optic Communication 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM Total Marks:70)
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		1. Attempt all questions.	
		2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.	
		3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
		4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.	
			MARKS
Q.1	(a)	Define following terms:	03
	()	(1) Refractive index	
		(2) Snell's law	
		(3) Critical Angle	
	(b)	Briefly describe the block diagram of Optical communication systems.	04
	(c)	Using simple ray theory, describe the mechanism for the transmission of light	07
	` /	Within an optical fiber and show how acceptance angle is related to the fiber	
		numerical aperture.	
Q.2	(a)	Give the comparison of S.I and G.I fibers.	03
	(b)	Describe briefly the losses in optical fibers.	04
	(c)	An optical signal at a specific wavelength has lost 55% of its power after traversing 3.5 km of fiber. What is the attenuation in dB/km of this fiber? OR	07
	(c)	What is dispersion in optical fiber? Classify different dispersion with reasons. Explain its effect in optical communication. How to reduce the effect of dispersion?	07
Ω_{2}	(a)	Coloulate the entired newer coupled into the fiber by an entired course with a	03
Q.3	(a)	Calculate the optical power coupled into the fiber by an optical source with a bias current of 20 mA and a forward voltage of 1.5 V. Assume an internal	03
		efficiency of the source as 2% and the coupling efficiency of 30%.	
	(b)	Discuss briefly the structure of surface emitting LED with neat sketch.	04
	(c)	What is splicing? Explain different techniques of splicing.	07
		OR	
Q.3	(a)	Define the following terms related to photo detector.	03
		(1) Responsivity	
		(2) Quantum efficiency	
		(3) Cut off wavelength	
	(b)	A silicon APD has a quantum efficiency of 75% at a wavelength of 900 nm. If	04
		0.5 mw of optical power produces a multiplied photo current of 10 mA, then	
		what is avalanche gain for this device?	_
	(c)	Briefly discuss the possible sources of noise in optical receivers	07

Q.4	(a)	Give the comparison between LED and LASER.	03
	(b)	Explain double crucible method of fiber fabrication.	04
	(c)	Discuss optical power loss model for a point to point link.	07
	` ′	OR	
Q.4	(a)	What is equilibrium numerical aperture? Give the significance of the same.	03
	(b)	Discuss the EYE pattern diagram in brief.	04
	(c)	Explain Erbium Drop Power amplifiers (EDFAs).	07
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Q.5	(a)	What is population inversion?	03
	(b)	Explain the principle of operation of Wavelength division multiplexing.	04
	(c)	Explain Mach-Zehnder Interferometer (MZI) Multiplexer in detail.	07
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	Explain the 2 x 2 fiber coupler and its function.	03
	(b)	Explain OTDR method with its benefits over other techniques.	04
	(c)	Write short notes on Synchronous optical fiber networks (SONET).	07
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